## EXHIBIT 1

# To the Declaration of Rakesh N. Kilaru

BOB THOMPSON IN RE: COLLEGE ATHLETE NIL LITIGATION

June 08, 2023

2 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  3 OAKLAND DIVISION  4 GRANT HOUSE and SEDONA PRINCE, on Civil Action No.  5 behalf of themselves and all 4:20-cv-03919-CW  6 others similarly situated,		
4 GRANT HOUSE and SEDONA PRINCE, on Civil Action No. 5 behalf of themselves and all 4:20-cv-03919-CW		
5 behalf of themselves and all 4:20-cv-03919-CW		
6 others similarly situated,		
Plaintiffs,		
8 v.		
9 NATIONAL COLLEGIATE ATHLETIC		
10 ASSOCIATION; PAC-12 CONFERENCE;		
11 THE BIG TEN CONFERENCE, INC.; THE		
12 BIG TWELVE CONFERENCE, INC.;		
13 SOUTHEASTERN CONFERENCE; and		
ATLANTIC COAST CONFERENCE,		
Defendants.		
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
17		
18 VIDEO-RECORDED DEPOSITION OF BOB THOMPSON		
June 8, 2023		
9:29 a.m.		
Polsinelli One First Weshington Assessed		
One East Washington Avenue Suite 1200		
Phoenix, Arizona  23		
Reported by Eve K. Burton, RPR, CRR, 24 Arizona CR Certificate No. 50261, California CSR No. 125	7	
Job No. J9703138		



1 The video-recorded deposition of BOB THOMPSON, 2 noticed by Plaintiffs, was taken on June 8, 2023, from 9:29 a.m. to 2:38 p.m., at the offices of Polsinelli, 3 4 One East Washington Avenue, Suite 1200, Phoenix, Arizona, 5 before Eve K. Burton, RPR, CRR, Arizona CR Certificate 6 No. 50261, California CSR No. 12527. 7 8 APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL 9 10 For Plaintiffs: 11 WINSTON & STRAWN LLP DAVID GREENSPAN, ESQ. 12 ADAM I. DALE, ESO. SCOTT SHERMAN, ESQ. (Via Zoom) 13 200 Park Avenue New York, New York 10166 14 (212) 294-5329 dgreenspan@winston.com 15 aidale@winston.com ssherman@winston.com 16 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 17 BENJAMIN J. SIEGEL, ESQ. (Via Zoom) 715 Hearst Avenue, Suite 300 Berkeley, California 94710 18 (510) 725-3000 bens@hbsslaw.com 19 HAGENS BERMAN SOBOL SHAPIRO LLP 2.0 EMILEE SISCO, ESQ. (Via Zoom) 1301 Second Avenue, Suite 2000 21 Seattle, Washington 98101 (206) 623-7292 22 emilees@hbsslaw.com 23 24 25



1	APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL (Continued)
2	
3	For Defendant National Collegiate Athletic Association:
4	WILKINSON STEKLOFF
5	ROBERT J. LAIRD, ESQ. 2001 M Street, NW, 10th Floor
6	Washington, D.C. (202) 847-4000
7	rlaird@wilkinsonstekloff.com
8	For Defendant Pac-12 Conference:
9	COOLEY LLP
10	MARK LAMBERT, ESQ. (Via Zoom) 3175 Hanover Street
11	Palo Alto, California 94304-1130 (650) 843-5003
12	mlambert@cooley.com
13	COOLEY LLP REBECCA TARNEJA, ESQ. (Via Zoom)
14	355 South Grand Avenue, Suite 900 Los Angeles, California 90071
15	(213) 561-3225 rtarneja@cooley.com
16	rearre jacecore, .com
17	For Defendant Big Ten Conference, Inc.:
18	MAYER BROWN LLP GINA L. DEL TATTO, ESQ. (Via Zoom)
19	1221 Avenue of the Americas New York, New York 10020-1001
20	(212) 506-2483 gdeltatto@mayerbrown.com
21	J == = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =
22	
23	
24	
25	



## BOB THOMPSON IN RE: COLLEGE ATHLETE NIL LITIGATION

June 08, 2023

1	APPEARANCES OF COUNSEL (Continued)
2	
3	For Defendant Big Twelve Conference, Inc.:
4	POLSINELLI
5	LEANE K. CAPPS, ESQ. (Via Zoom) 2950 North Harwood, Suite 2100
6	Dallas, Texas 75201 (214) 661-5537
7	lcapps@polsinelli.com
8	POLSINELLI PHILLIP ZEECK, ESQ.
9	900 West 48th Place, Suite 900 Kansas City, Missouri 64112-1895
10	(816) 572-4592 pzeeck@polsinelli.com
11	For Defendant Southeastern Conference:
12	ROBINSON BRADSHAW & HINSON, P.A.
13	ROBERT W. FULLER, ESQ. AMANDA PICKENS NITTO, ESQ.
14	101 North Tryon Street, Suite 1900 Charlotte, North Carolina 28246
15	(704) 377-2536 rfuller@robinsonbradshaw.com
16	anitto@robinsonbradshaw.com
17	Also Present:
18	JAYLON JACKSON (Via Zoom)
19	MICHAEL PHAM, Videographer
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	



- transfer from one institution to another institution. And
  libelieve that -- I think that's about it.
- 3 As far as for an actual performance, like,
- 4 | "I'm going to -- you scored five touchdowns. I'm going to
- 5 | give you 50 grand, "no, I don't believe that happens.
- 6 BY MR. GREENSPAN:
- Q. Okay. It's your -- can you confirm it's your opinion that "It would be inherently impractical for individual participants to own or control broadcast rights in a sports event because any single participant could withhold those rights and prevent the broadcast from
- 12 | occurring"?
- 13 A. Could you say that again.
- 14 Q. If you want, it's on page -- I'm reading from --
- 15 A. Oh.

20

21

22

- 0. -- page 8 of your report.
- 17 A. Okay. Third paragraph?
- 18 Q. Yeah, the last sentence of the third paragraph.
- 19 A. That's correct.
  - Q. Okay. And I want to focus -- that holds true for any single participant could hold up a broadcast if that participant controlled the -- controlled the right to use their name, image, or likeness.
- MR. FULLER: Objection.
- 25 THE WITNESS: And if it wasn't something



- 1 that the conference could warrant that they could provide, 2 yes.
- 3 BY MR. GREENSPAN:

correct?

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 4 Okay. And it wouldn't matter if the participant 5 is the quarterback or the punter; that's the problem that 6 you are addressing in this sentence in your report, 7
- 8 Α. That's correct.
  - 0. Okay. And again, I think we've already established this, but you're not offering the legal opinion on the legal issue of whether an athlete owns the right to his or her name, image, and likeness in a broadcast.
    - That's correct. Α.
  - Okay. Mr. Thompson, I'm going to do this a lot, 0. where I have quotes in my notes from your report that I'm going to ask you about. If ever you want to know where it is in your report so you can find it and look in context, just let me know.
    - Α. That would be great.
  - Okay. Can you confirm your opinion that the NIL 0. marketplace for promoting and endorsing products demonstrates that some college athletes have tremendous NIL endorsement value and others have little or no NIL endorsement value?



IN RE.	COLLEGE ATALETE NIL LITIGATION	ON	54

Α. That's correct.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

15

16

19

21

- 0. Okav. What, if anything, did you do to study that issue, any work you did to arrive at that opinion?
- Just what I've read in the -- in the general marketplace and what I know that, you know, occurs, you know, based on reports, published reports.
- What sort of published reports? Q.
- Well, I mean, I read the newspaper. I read the Α. internet.
- 10 0. I mean, so, for example, there are --

11 And we have -- we, of course, as Plaintiffs 12 in this matter, certainly, you know, track when there is 13 an announcement, you know, of a collective did this, you 14 know, a big brand did that. But there are --

Are you familiar with Opendorse, for example?

- 17 Yes. Α.
- 18 And Opendorse, apparently, has lots of 0. Okav. data about NIL deals with college athletes. Are you 20 generally familiar with that?
  - Α. Yes.
- 22 Did you look at, you know, information from Q. 23 Opendorse?
- 24 Α. For this?
- 25 Q. In arriving at this opinion.



1	depending on what they are, can have different values, I
2	imagine that it's more valuable to have the back-end
3	rights circle than to not have it at all, from the
4	perspective of the network. Is that right?
5	MR. FULLER: Objection, I guess.
6	Answer the question.
7	THE WITNESS: Not necessarily. It would
8	depend on how much you have to pay for that right.
9	BY MR. GREENSPAN:
10	Q. Okay. Let's put aside what you have to pay for
11	it, but in terms of it's more valuable to a network to
12	have back-end rights than to have none, correct?
13	A. All things being equal, if the price was the
14	thing whether you had the right or not had the right, yes,
15	it's more valuable to have them.
16	Q. Okay. Now let's get to your point about it
17	depends what you have to pay for them. Back-end rights
18	I think we discussed this before: There is no separate
19	market for back-end rights, correct?
20	MR. FULLER: Objection.
21	THE WITNESS: Not that I'm aware of.
22	BY MR. GREENSPAN:
23	Q. Okay. And back-end rights there's no separate
24	price for back-end rights within a media agreement,



correct?

- A. Not in my experience, no.
- Q. Okay. So how would a network -- how did you at Fox? How would you do it now at Thompson consulting? How would you go about figuring out what is the price worth paying to get the back-end rights?
- A. It's almost not what it's worth paying. It's worth -- it's what -- it's about what you're not prepared to pay to not have an advantage in a renewal.

Back-end rights are all about renewals.

Back-end rights aren't about the current agreement. It's all about what happens next.

And so, you know, some back-end rights I would want very strong if I felt very strongly about the product, and I'd want a right to match, flat out. Others, I'd -- you know, I might want to take a look at it, and I'd be prepared to walk if I don't think it's something -- you know, if I think it's on the margins.

So you can't -- you can't look at them and just lump them all in the same circle here and say they're all worth the same amount going forward.

Q. So let's go with the product that you like very much and you want the right to match, and the seller -- let's say it's a conference -- says to you, "Mr. Thompson, here's an agreement with the very strong right to match that you want. Here's an agreement with no right to



1	match."
2	How would you go about determining what the
3	price is worth paying for those two options?
4	MR. FULLER: Objection.
5	THE WITNESS: Well, I'd look at the various
6	other circles that are affected by either having these
7	rights or not having these rights, and then I would make
8	some sort of a determination based on that as to whether
9	or not I wanted the back-end rights or I didn't care if I
10	had back-end rights.
11	BY MR. GREENSPAN:
12	Q. But in my hypothetical, we've established you
13	want the back-end rights; you want the right to match;
14	it's the product you really want.
15	So my question is, all else equal, one
16	two draft media agreements are put in front of you.
17	Everything is the same. We're talking about the product;
18	you really like it. You really want the right to match.
19	One contract has the right to match. One doesn't. How
20	would you, as the buyer, determine "What is the difference
21	in price that I am willing to pay for Option 1 versus
22	Option 2?"
23	MR. FULLER: Objection.
24	THE WITNESS: I think I just said that. I
25	said we'd look at the other circles here that are affected



- by back-end rights and keeping the product going forward and be able to come up with some sort of a figure that would give me a clue as to whether or not we should pay the fee -- or pay the deal that has the back-end rights or accept, which I probably wouldn't do, the one that doesn't.
  - Each of these are dependent on not only within the current term of the agreement, but many of these things extend beyond the term of this agreement, things like retransmission consent fees, things like cable subscriber fees.

This might be a three-year deal or a four-year deal, and my distribution agreements might be seven-year deals. And so if I lose this product at some point during the term of my distribution deals, then I have to get into a situation where I have to figure out, "Am I going to have to give money back? Or what am I going to replace it with, and what's that going to cost?"

And so that's why it's just not that clear-cut of a -- I mean, you look at the elements, and then you make the determination as to the value of the back-end rights.

#### 23 BY MR. GREENSPAN:

Q. But you would be able to make that determination. I understand it's not clear, but as a network or a



- consultant for a network, you would be able to assess the relative value between Contract, you know, 1 that has the back-end rights and Contract 2 that doesn't.
- 4 MR. FULLER: Objection.
  - THE WITNESS: Yeah, because these things -these are all things that exist in the real world. I
    mean, affiliate fees are affiliate fees. I can look at a
    contract and tell you what that is and tell you what
    happens if I don't have those rights. I can look at
    advertising revenues and advertising packages and say, "If
    I don't have this product, this is what I'm going to
- So these are all very quantifiable things.
- 14 They exist. They're traded on daily. But they're not
- 15 | things that are unquantifiable because they don't exist in
- 16 | the real world right now.
- 17 BY MR. GREENSPAN:

have."

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

- Q. Okay. Well, I mean, I take it, you're alluding to broadcast NIL.
- 20 A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. But men's basketball, women's basketball,
  FBS football, these are property rights that exist in the
- 23 | real world, yeah?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And you would be able to -- so let's say



- one -- again, let's put back-end rights aside. We've got
  two contracts. All else is equal. One contains some
  women's basketball, and one doesn't. You would be able to
  assess the relative value between those two contracts,
- what you're willing to pay for the contract that includes
  women's basketball and the contract that doesn't.
  - A. I could assess and I could also go with what I consider the value to be going forward, and that might be purely a -- you know, my gut.
  - So it's not -- it's not all 100 percent black-and-white, but I mean, these are very quantifiable things, so yeah, I can -- I can get to a number. Whether or not I want to accept that number or not, that's a totally different thing.
  - Q. But to get to that number, you'd rely on your experience.
    - A. Partially.
    - Q. Okay.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- A. But also math, because these are quantifiable things.
  - Q. Well, you didn't do any math in this case.
  - A. No. I wasn't -- I wasn't asked to.
- Q. Is it fair to say that when networks or conferences negotiate media agreements and they make valuations, they are, in part, relying on, as you put it,



- their gut or their experience in the industry?
- 2 A. I like to call it more experience than gut, but
- 3 | yes, you're correct. I mean, that's just another element
- 4 of what you do when you purchase rights. You know, it's
- 5 kind of like buying a car. You go, "Do I feel good about
- 6 this car? You know, does it -- you know, sure, the car
- 7 costs X, and the warranty is worth Y, and it gets Z for
- 8 gas mileage, but does my gut tell me that this is a good
- 9 deal?"

1

- 10 Q. Okay. All right. Let's talk about Mr. Desser's
- 11 | 10 percent opinion.
- 12 A. Okay.
- 13 Q. It's your opinion that --
- 14 This is on page 35, if you want to keep up
- 15 | with me.

- There is no separate market for broadcast
- 17 | NIL rights, and there is no instance when any person or
- 18 | entity ever paid or was paid for broadcast NIL rights
- 19 only. That's your opinion, correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- 21 Q. Okay. And just to try to unpackage it, here -- I
- 22 | know you have other opinions, too. Here you're just
- 23 | saying, the way Mr. Desser has offered an opinion about
- 24 | the value of broadcast NIL standing alone, here what
- 25 | you're saying is, that broadcast NIL standing alone has



Mr. Sankey's statement here that "football and men's basketball have far higher ratings than any other sport and are far more attractive to broadcasts and networks"?

A. Well, again, a lot of it depends on what the package is. If I'm comparing a package that has 1 football game and 20 basketball games to a package that has 20 football games and 1 basketball game, I would say the latter is more valuable. But, you know, it just depends, makeup -- the makeup of the package.

If you wanted to say, "One football game and one basketball game, are those the two most popular sports within collegiate sports?" then yes, I would agree.

- Q. Okay. And that's a fair qualifier. I understand that in a partic- -- you know, if a rights agreement has a hundred men's --
  - A. Right.
- Q. -- basketball games and one suboptimal football game, it's going to be different.

But all else equal, we agree football is the driver and that football and men's basketball together have far higher ratings than any other college sport.

- A. Generally, but not always. There are certain outliers that do better in certain parts of the country than men's basketball.
  - Q. Within the Power Five?



Yes.

1 A.

- Q. In the next paragraph, Mr. Sankey states that "despite concerted efforts by the SEC to promote women's sports, broadcasts and other distributions of women's sports over the course of a season, and for purposes of negotiating broadcast rights payments, have never been as popular with viewers and as attractive to broadcasters and networks as are football and men's basketball."
  - A. That's a fair statement, yes.
- Q. Okay. And so, again -- and I'm speaking in very broad terms. I understand contracts can be different. I understand you view all contracts to be different.

But do you agree, as a general proposition, for the Power Five and Notre Dame, sort of the hierarchy between the three sports that we've predominantly been talking about today, in terms of value to a network, it's football, number one; number two, men's basketball; number three, women's basketball?

MR. FULLER: Objection.

THE WITNESS: Again, not in all cases. I think that there are certain outliers. And as I -- when I say an outlier, let's say Big Ten hockey. Very big in that part of the country. Probably bigger than women's basketball. You move down to the Southeast Conference, well, they don't play hockey, so women's basketball is



probably higher than a sport that doesn't exist.

_	1 - 0.00 0.00 - 7 - 1 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5
2	But there are there are regional flavors
3	or regional specialties, whatever you want to call them,
4	that would outrate women's basketball. You know, the
5	hockey analogy for the bid or for the Big Ten being
6	better than basketball is probably I probably misspoke
7	there, but certainly there are possibilities where it
8	would exceed there are sports that would exceed women's
9	basketball. You know, it's growing, and, you know, this
10	was a very good year, but a very good year does not a
11	trend make.
12	But I think generally what you're saying is
13	correct, but there are certain outliers that would eclipse
14	the value of women's basketball.
15	BY MR. GREENSPAN:

Okay. And maybe you've just predicted or just 0. pre-empted the question I was going to ask. But in sort of my very broad-stroke pecking order of football followed by men's basketball followed by women's basketball, let me try to see if I fairly summarize your testimony:

Generally, that is the pecking order, point one.

And point two is, there are some outliers. The outliers concern when there is a sport that would take women's basketball's third position in that hierarchy.



16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 Α. That's correct.
- 2 0. Okay. As a general proposition, not with respect
- 3 to any one particular broadcast agreement, do you have an
- 4 opinion about the relative value, football, men's
- 5 basketball, women's basketball?
  - Α. Yes.

6

7

- What is it? 0.
- 8 I would say that football is clearly the driver; Α.
- 9 basketball a distant second; women's basketball, even less
- 10 than Mr. Desser puts forth.
- 11 Your opinion is that Mr. Desser has overvalued 0.
- 12 women's basketball.
- 13 Α. Yes.
- 14 Do you have an opinion -- again, we're talking
- 15 broad strokes, not about a particular broadcast rights.
- 16 If there's a hundred broadcast dollars across the nation
- 17 for Power Five and Notre Dame sports -- hundred bucks,
- 18 that's it -- how many dollars are going to go to football,
- 19 how many dollars are going to go to men's basketball, and
- 20 how many dollars are going to go to women's basketball?
- 21 Α. That's not --
- 22 MR. FULLER: Objection.
- 23 That's not something I really THE WITNESS:
- 24 tore apart to put forth.



SIGNATURE PAGE DEPOSITION IN RE COLLEGE ATHLETE NIL LITIGATION Assignment No. J9703138 DECLARATION UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY I declare under penalty of perjury that I have read the entire transcript of my deposition taken in the above-captioned matter or the same has been read to me, and the same is true and accurate, save and except for changes and/or corrections, if any, as indicated by me on the DEPOSITION ERRATA SHEET hereof, with the understanding that I offer these changes as if still under oath. Signed on the  $\underline{\begin{tabular}{c} m{\mathcal{G}} \end{tabular}}$  day of BOB THOMPSON 

### ERRATA SHEET

Case Name: In Re: College Athlete NIL Litigation Deposition Date: June 8, 2023 Deponent: Bob Thompson

Page	Line	Now Reads	Should Read	Reason
11	18	he pledged to the team	he pledged to buy the team	Clarification
19	13	together a regional	together a number of regional	Clarification
22	16	ARS	Ares	Transcription error
22	24	ARS	Ares	Transcription error
37	7	retain	remain	Transcription error
48	2	reached a	reached an	Transcription error
70	14	thing	the same	Clarification
88	25	Saturday	Sunday	Clarification
108	24	than men's	than with men's	Clarification
110	5	bid	Big	Transcription error
113	16	revenues	expenses	Clarification
145	24	SC	USC	Clarification
150	13	school	schools	Transcription error

Bob Thompson July 17, 2023

BOB THOMPSON
IN RE: COLLEGE ATHLETE NIL LITIGATION

June 08, 2023

	THE COLLEGE ATTREETED ATTENDED
1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATION
2	I, Eve K. Burton, Registered Professional
3	Reporter, Certified Realtime Reporter, Certified Reporter
4	in and for the State of Arizona, and Certified Shorthand
5	Reporter in and for the State of California, do hereby
6	certify:
7	That the foregoing witness was by me duly
8	sworn; that the deposition was then taken before me at the
9	time and place herein set forth; that the testimony and
10	proceedings were reported stenographically by me and later
11	transcribed into typewriting under my direction, all to
12	the best of my skill and ability; that the foregoing is a
13	true record of the testimony and proceedings taken at that
14	time; that the witness has requested a review pursuant to
15	Rule 30(e)(2); that I am a disinterested person to said
16	action.
17	
18	IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have subscribed my
19	name this 12th day of June, 2023.
20	
21	The of Switon
22	Eve K. Burton, RPR, CRR,
23	AZ Certified Reporter No. 50261 CA CSR No. 12527
24	

